

The going green handbook 52 inspired ideas for sa Document

The Going Green Handbook 52 Inspired Ideas for SA

In today's world, embracing sustainability is no longer just a trend but a necessity. The Going Green Handbook 52 Inspired Ideas for SA offers a comprehensive guide to help individuals, communities, and organizations in South Africa (SA) adopt eco-friendly practices. With 52 innovative ideas, this handbook serves as an inspiring resource to make meaningful environmental changes, one step at a time. Whether you're a beginner or looking to deepen your green initiatives, this guide provides practical and impactful strategies to reduce your carbon footprint, conserve resources, and promote a healthier planet.

Understanding the Importance of Going Green in South Africa

Environmental Challenges Facing South Africa

South Africa faces numerous environmental issues, including:

- Water scarcity due to droughts and overuse
- Air pollution from industries and vehicles
- Deforestation and habitat loss
- Waste management issues
- Climate change impacts, such as rising temperatures and extreme weather events

Why Going Green Matters

Adopting sustainable practices benefits not only the environment but also:

- Reduces energy and water costs
- Enhances community health and well-being
- Creates green job opportunities
- Preserves natural resources for future generations

The Going Green Handbook 52 Inspired Ideas for SA aims to address these challenges by offering actionable steps tailored to local contexts and resources.

Top Inspired Ideas for Going Green in South Africa

1. Promote Renewable Energy Adoption

Transitioning to renewable energy sources is vital for reducing reliance on fossil fuels.

- **Install Solar Panels:** South Africa's abundant sunshine makes solar power an ideal solution for homes and businesses.
- **Support Community Solar Projects:** Collaborate with local initiatives to expand access.
- **Advocate for Policy Changes:** Encourage government incentives for renewable energy investments.

2. Reduce Water Consumption

Water scarcity is a critical issue in SA; conserving water is essential.

- **Fix Leaks:** Regularly check and repair leaks in plumbing fixtures.
- **Use Water-Efficient Fixtures:** Install low-flow showerheads and dual-flush toilets.
- **Rainwater Harvesting:** Collect rainwater for gardening and other non-potable uses.

3. Embrace Sustainable Transportation

Transportation is a significant contributor to carbon emissions.

- **Carpool or Share Rides:** Reduce the number of vehicles on the road.
- **Use Public Transit:** Support SA's expanding rail and bus systems.
- **Bike or Walk:** Promote active transportation for short distances.

4. Reduce, Reuse, Recycle

Effective waste management is crucial for sustainability.

- **Minimize Single-Use Items:** Use reusable bags, bottles, and containers.
- **Compost Organic Waste:** Reduce landfill waste while enriching soil.
- **Participate in Recycling Programs:** Support local facilities that process recyclables.

5. Support Local and Organic Food

Food choices impact the environment and health.

- **Buy Local Produce:** Reduce carbon footprint associated with transportation.
- **Grow Your Own Garden:** Cultivate herbs, vegetables, or fruits at home.
- **Choose Organic Products:** Support sustainable farming practices.

6. Green Your Home and Office

Create eco-friendly spaces that conserve energy and resources.

- **Use Energy-Efficient Appliances:** Switch to LED lighting and ENERGY STAR-rated devices.
- **Implement Smart Thermostats:** Optimize heating and cooling systems.
- **Incorporate Green Spaces:** Plant trees and indoor plants to improve air quality.

7. Educate and Engage Your Community

Building awareness is key to widespread change.

- **Host Workshops and Events:** Share knowledge on sustainability practices.
- **Partner with Schools:** Incorporate environmental education into curricula.
- **Support Local Eco-Initiatives:** Volunteer or donate to community projects.

Implementing the Ideas: Practical Tips and Resources

Creating a Personal or Community Action Plan

Start small and set achievable goals.

- Identify priority areas (energy, water, waste, etc.).
- Set measurable objectives and timelines.
- Involve others to build momentum and accountability.

Utilizing Local Resources

Leverage SA-specific programs and organizations.

- South African Renewable Energy Council
- GreenCape Business Incubator
- Local municipalities offering rebates and incentives

Monitoring Progress and Celebrating Success

Track your efforts and celebrate milestones.

- Maintain a journal or digital log of activities.
- Share successes on social media to inspire others.
- Adjust strategies as needed for greater impact.

Benefits of Embracing the Going Green Lifestyle in SA

Adopting these 52 inspired ideas can lead to numerous benefits, including:

- Reduced environmental footprint
- Lower utility bills and savings
- Enhanced community resilience
- Improved health and air quality
- Contribution to global efforts against climate change

By integrating the principles and ideas from the Going Green Handbook 52 Inspired Ideas for SA into daily life, individuals and communities can drive meaningful change. Small actions, when multiplied, create a significant positive impact on the environment and society.

Conclusion

The Going Green Handbook 52 Inspired Ideas for SA provides a practical roadmap for embracing sustainability in South Africa. From harnessing renewable energy to reducing waste and fostering community engagement, each idea contributes to a greener, healthier future. By taking proactive steps, South Africans can demonstrate leadership in environmental stewardship, ensuring that natural resources are preserved and protected for generations to come. Start today?every small change counts toward a sustainable tomorrow.

The Going Green Handbook: 52 Inspired Ideas for Sustainable Living in South Africa

In an era where climate change, environmental degradation, and resource depletion dominate global conversations, the need for actionable, accessible, and inspiring guidance on sustainable

living has never been more urgent. The Going Green Handbook: 52 Inspired Ideas for South Africa emerges as a comprehensive manual designed to empower individuals, communities, and businesses across South Africa to adopt eco-friendly practices. By offering a curated collection of practical tips, innovative strategies, and culturally relevant insights, this handbook aims to catalyze a nationwide shift toward sustainability. This review delves into the core themes, unique features, and potential impact of the book, providing an in-depth analysis of its role in fostering an environmentally conscious South African society.

Overview of the Going Green Handbook

The Going Green Handbook is structured around 52 innovative ideas—one for each week of the year—making sustainability an approachable and manageable journey. Its design caters to a diverse audience, from urban dwellers in Johannesburg and Cape Town to rural communities in KwaZulu-Natal and the Northern Cape. The book emphasizes local solutions tailored to South Africa's unique environmental, cultural, and socio-economic contexts.

Key features include:

- **Practicality:** Each idea is accompanied by step-by-step guidance, resource lists, and illustrative examples.
- **Relevance:** The content resonates with South African realities, such as water scarcity, energy challenges, and biodiversity conservation.
- **Inclusivity:** The handbook encourages community participation, traditional practices, and innovative thinking.

By framing sustainability as an achievable lifestyle rather than an overwhelming challenge, the Going Green Handbook seeks to inspire a broad spectrum of readers to embrace eco-friendly habits.

Core Themes and Focus Areas

The handbook is organized around several interconnected themes, each addressing critical aspects of environmental sustainability within the South African context.

1. Water Conservation and Management

Water scarcity remains a pressing issue across South Africa, exacerbated by droughts, overuse, and aging infrastructure. The handbook offers ideas such as:

- Installing rainwater harvesting systems in homes and farms.
- Using indigenous plants that require less water for landscaping.
- Promoting greywater recycling for irrigation.
- Encouraging community-based water monitoring and conservation programs.

These suggestions not only reduce individual water footprints but also foster community resilience against droughts.

2. Renewable Energy Adoption

Given South Africa's reliance on coal and fossil fuels, transitioning to renewable energy sources is vital. The book advocates for:

- Solar panel installation for households and small businesses.
- Utilizing solar water heaters.
- Supporting community solar projects.
- Educating about energy efficiency measures, like LED lighting and appliance upgrades.

By highlighting affordable and accessible renewable solutions, the handbook aims to lower barriers to adoption.

3. Waste Reduction and Recycling

Waste management challenges, notably plastic pollution and landfill overcrowding, are addressed through ideas such as:

- Composting organic waste to reduce landfill burden.
- Creating community recycling initiatives.
- Upcycling materials into useful products.
- Reducing single-use plastics through reusable bags and containers.

These strategies promote a circular economy mindset and environmental responsibility.

4. Biodiversity and Conservation

South Africa boasts one of the world's richest biodiversities. The handbook encourages:

- Planting native flora to support local ecosystems.

- Participating in tree-planting drives.
- Protecting indigenous wildlife.
- Supporting conservation programs and eco-tourism initiatives.

This focus helps preserve South Africa's natural heritage while fostering eco-tourism and local pride.

5. Sustainable Agriculture and Food Security

Agriculture is central to South Africa's economy and culture. Ideas include:

- Practicing permaculture principles.
- Growing vegetables in home gardens using organic methods.
- Supporting local farmers and markets.
- Reducing food waste through proper storage and preservation.

These practices enhance food security and promote healthier diets.

Unique Features and Innovative Aspects

The Going Green Handbook distinguishes itself through several innovative elements that enhance its usability and cultural resonance.

Localized Content and Cultural Relevance

Unlike generic environmental guides, this handbook integrates South African traditions, languages, and indigenous knowledge. For example:

- Highlighting traditional water-saving techniques used by rural communities.
- Incorporating local proverbs and stories that emphasize environmental stewardship.
- Suggesting eco-friendly practices aligned with cultural festivals and rituals.

This approach fosters a sense of ownership and relevance among readers.

Practical Implementation Tools

Each idea is supported by:

- Checklists for implementation.
- Budget estimations to encourage cost-effective actions.
- Contact information for local organizations and resources.
- Success stories from South African communities.

These features lower barriers to action and inspire confidence.

Community Engagement and Participatory Approaches

Recognizing that sustainable change often requires collective effort, the handbook emphasizes:

- Forming local eco-clubs or action groups.
- Organizing awareness campaigns.
- Partnering with schools, churches, and businesses.
- Sharing success stories to motivate others.

By fostering community-led initiatives, the book underscores the importance of social cohesion in environmental efforts.

Potential Impact and Critique

The Going Green Handbook holds significant potential to influence individual behaviors, community dynamics, and policy advocacy across South Africa.

Educational and Behavioral Change

The weekly idea format makes sustainability digestible and actionable, encouraging readers to incorporate small but impactful changes. Over time, this can lead to a culture shift where eco-consciousness becomes embedded in daily life.

Empowerment and Agency

By providing practical tools and success stories, the handbook empowers individuals and communities to take ownership of their environmental footprint, fostering a sense of agency that is crucial for sustained change.

Policy Advocacy and Broader Change

As communities adopt these ideas, collective demand for supportive policies?such as renewable energy incentives or improved waste management?can increase, influencing governmental action.

Critique and Areas for Improvement

While comprehensive, certain criticisms include:

- Resource Accessibility: Some ideas, like solar panel installation, may be cost-prohibitive for low-income households without subsidies or financing options.
- Scaling Challenges: Community-based initiatives require sustained engagement and resources, which can be difficult to maintain.
- Limited Digital Integration: Given the rise of digital platforms, expanding the handbook's reach through apps or online communities could enhance impact.
- Measurement and Feedback: Incorporating metrics to track progress and adapt strategies could improve effectiveness.

Despite these challenges, the handbook provides a solid foundation for fostering sustainability in South Africa.

Conclusion: A Catalyst for Sustainable Change

The Going Green Handbook: 52 Inspired Ideas for South Africa stands out as a thoughtfully curated, culturally attuned, and practically oriented guide that addresses the multifaceted nature of sustainability. Its emphasis on local solutions, community participation, and incremental change makes it a valuable resource for individuals and organizations committed to environmental stewardship. While it may benefit from digital expansion and targeted support for resource-limited populations, its core message remains powerful: sustainability is achievable through collective effort, innovative thinking, and a commitment to caring for South Africa's rich natural heritage.

In a country grappling with environmental challenges, this handbook serves as both a wake-up call and a roadmap encouraging South Africans to embrace green practices that protect the environment, strengthen communities, and ensure a sustainable future for generations to come.

Question What is 'The Going Green Handbook: 52 Inspired Ideas for SA' about? 'The Going Green Handbook' is a practical guide offering 52 innovative and actionable ideas to promote sustainability and eco-friendly practices in South Australia (SA). How can residents of South Australia implement the ideas from the handbook? Residents can implement the ideas by starting small, such as reducing waste, conserving water, supporting local eco-friendly businesses, and participating in community green initiatives outlined in the handbook. Are the ideas in the handbook suitable for businesses as well as individuals? Yes, the handbook provides sustainable practices for both individuals and businesses, encouraging eco-friendly operations, waste reduction, and sustainable sourcing. How does the handbook address renewable energy adoption in SA? The handbook includes ideas like installing solar panels, advocating for community renewable energy

projects, and ways to reduce energy consumption to promote renewable energy use in SA. Does the handbook include tips for reducing carbon footprint specific to South Australia's climate? Yes, it offers tailored tips such as water conservation during dry seasons, sustainable gardening suited for SA's climate, and transportation options to lower emissions. Can schools and community groups use the handbook for environmental education? Absolutely, the handbook provides engaging ideas for educational programs, community projects, and eco-awareness campaigns suitable for schools and local groups. What are some of the most popular ideas from the 52 suggestions? Popular ideas include starting composting programs, supporting local farmers markets, reducing plastic use, and installing rainwater harvesting systems. How does the handbook promote local sustainability initiatives in South Australia? It emphasizes supporting local eco-friendly businesses, participating in community clean-ups, and engaging with regional sustainability programs to foster local impact. Where can I access 'The Going Green Handbook: 52 Inspired Ideas for SA'? The handbook is available through local bookstores, environmental organizations in South Australia, and online platforms dedicated to sustainability resources.

Related keywords: going green, sustainability, eco-friendly living, environmental tips, green lifestyle, eco-conscious ideas, sustainable habits, green initiatives, eco tips, environmental awareness

Future Will And Going To Ejercicios

future will and going to ejercicios: Mastering Future Tenses in English

Understanding how to properly use will and going to in English is essential for effective communication about future plans, predictions, and intentions. Whether you're a beginner or looking to refine your skills, practicing with ejercicios (exercises) can significantly improve your grasp of these future tenses. This article provides comprehensive guidance, explanations, and practice exercises to help you become confident in using will and going to correctly.

Introduction to Future Tenses in English

English speakers often use two primary ways to talk about the future: will and going to. Although both are used to discuss future events, they serve different purposes and are chosen based on context and intent.

Understanding the Usage of 'Will' and 'Going to'

When to Use 'Will'

Will is generally used in the following situations:

- Spontaneous decisions made at the moment of speaking.
- Predictions based on opinions or beliefs.
- Promises or offers.
- Promises or offers.
- Formal statements about the future.

Examples:

- I think it will rain tomorrow.
- I will help you with your homework.
- She will call you later.

When to Use 'Going to'

Going to is typically used:

- For plans or intentions made before the moment of speaking.
- Predictions based on present evidence.

Examples:

- We are going to visit Paris next summer.
- Look at those dark clouds! It's going to rain.

Forming Sentences with 'Will' and 'Going to'

Forming Sentences with 'Will'

The structure for will is straightforward:

- Subject + will + base verb

Examples:

- I will study tonight.
- They will arrive soon.

Forming Sentences with 'Going to'

The structure for going to is:

- Subject + am/is/are + going to + base verb

Examples:

- She is going to start a new job.
- We are going to buy a new car.

Practicing with Ejercicios: Future Will and Going To

Practicing is key to mastering future tenses. Below are various exercises designed to reinforce your understanding.

Exercise 1: Fill in the Blanks

Complete the sentences with will or going to.

- It looks cloudy. I think it ____ rain soon.
- We ____ visit grandma tomorrow.
- Sorry, I forgot my homework. I ____ do it tonight.
- Look at those people! They ____ win the race.
- They ____ move to a new house next month.
- I promise I ____ help you with your project.
- She ____ meet us at the restaurant later.

Answers:

- is going to
- are going to
- will
- are going to

- are going to
- will
- will

Exercise 2: Convert the Sentences

Rewrite the sentences using the alternative future tense.

- I will buy a new phone. (Change to going to)
- They are going to travel to Italy. (Change to will)
- She will call you later. (Change to going to)
- We will watch a movie tonight. (Change to going to)

Answers:

- I am going to buy a new phone.
- They will travel to Italy.
- She is going to call you later.
- We are going to watch a movie tonight.

Exercise 3: Choose the Correct Option

Select the appropriate future tense.

- I think I ____ (will / am going to) start a new hobby soon.
- Look at those clouds! It ____ (will / is going to) rain.
- We ____ (will / are going to) visit the museum tomorrow.
- Sorry, I ____ (will / am going to) be late for the meeting.

Answers:

- will
- is going to
- are going to
- will

Common Mistakes and How to Avoid Them

While practicing, learners often make mistakes such as mixing up will and going to. Here are some tips to avoid common errors:

- Use going to for plans made before speaking and will for spontaneous decisions.
- Remember that will is often used for predictions based on opinions, while going to is used for predictions based on evidence.
- Match the correct form of to be (am, is, are) with the subject when using going to.
- Practice regularly with exercises to solidify your understanding.

Practical Tips to Improve Your Future Tense Usage

- Use flashcards to memorize common phrases and sentences with will and going to.
- Engage in conversation practice focusing on future plans and predictions.
- Watch English videos and listen to native speakers to hear natural usage.
- Write daily journal entries describing your future plans using both tenses.
- Join language learning communities to get feedback and practice.

Additional Resources for Learning

To deepen your understanding, explore these resources:

- English grammar books focusing on future tenses
- Online grammar exercises and quizzes
- Language learning apps with interactive practice
- YouTube channels dedicated to English grammar lessons

Conclusion

Mastering the use of will and going to is fundamental for effective communication about future events in English. By understanding their distinct uses, practicing with exercises, and avoiding common mistakes, you can confidently express future intentions, plans, and predictions. Remember, consistent practice and exposure are key to becoming fluent in future tense usage. Use the exercises provided, engage with additional resources, and keep practicing to enhance your English skills.

Happy learning!

Future will and going to ejercicios are fundamental components of English grammar that learners

must master to effectively communicate about plans, predictions, promises, and intentions. These constructions are essential in both spoken and written English, allowing speakers to articulate what they believe will happen or what they intend to do in the future. As learners progress, understanding the nuances, differences, and correct usage of these two future forms becomes increasingly important, making exercises on future will and going to invaluable tools in language acquisition.

Understanding the Basics of Future Will and Going To

Before diving into exercises, it's essential to grasp what future will and going to are, their purposes, and their general rules.

Future Will

The future will is primarily used to express:

- Spontaneous decisions made at the moment of speaking
- Predictions based on opinions or beliefs
- Promises or offers

Example sentences:

- I think it will rain tomorrow.
- I will help you with your homework.
- She will call you later.

Features of Future Will:

- Formed with the auxiliary will + base verb (e.g., will go, will see).
- Often used for predictions without evidence or certainty.
- Indicates a decision made at the moment of speaking.

Going To

The going to structure is generally used to describe:

- Plans or intentions made before the moment of speaking
- Predictions based on evidence or present signs

Example sentences:

- I am going to visit my grandparents this weekend.
- Look at those dark clouds; it's going to rain.
- They are going to buy a new car.

Features of Going To:

- Formed with the present tense of to be + going to + base verb.
- Used for personal plans and intentions.
- Used for predictions where there is evidence or clear signs.

Differences Between Future Will and Going To

Understanding the differences helps learners choose the appropriate form based on context.

| Aspect | Future Will | Going To |

|-----|-----|-----|

| Usage | Spontaneous decisions, predictions without evidence, promises | Planned actions, predictions with evidence or present signs |

| Form | Will + base verb | Am/Is/Are + going to + base verb |

| Example | I think it will snow tomorrow. | I am going to start a new job. |

Common Exercises for Future Will and Going To

Practicing through exercises reinforces understanding and helps learners internalize correct usage. Here are some typical ejercicios designed to improve skill and confidence.

Fill-in-the-Blank Exercises

These are effective for testing knowledge of correct form and context.

Example:

- I ____ (help) you with your project tomorrow.
- Look at those clouds! It ____ (rain) soon.
- They ____ (visit) their cousins next weekend.
- She ____ (call) you later, I'm sure.

Answers:

- will help
- is going to rain
- are going to visit
- will call

Pros:

- Reinforces correct form
- Encourages contextual understanding

Cons:

- Might be too straightforward for advanced learners

Sentence Transformation Exercises

Transform sentences from one future form to another to understand subtle differences.

Example:

- Change to going to: "I think it will rain tomorrow."
- Answer: I am going to buy an umbrella because the sky is dark.

Benefits:

- Deepens understanding of usage nuances
- Improves flexibility in expression

Challenges:

- Requires understanding of context and reasonings

Matching Exercises

Match sentences with their appropriate future form.

Example:

- ___ I will call you later. ___
- ___ I am going to visit my friend. ___

Options:

- a) Spontaneous decision
- b) Planned action

Answers:

- I will call you later. (a)
- I am going to visit my friend. (b)

Advantages:

- Clarifies the distinct uses of each form
- Useful for visual learners

Advanced Practice: Creating Contextual Scenarios

Once learners are comfortable with basic exercises, more advanced tasks involve creating their own sentences based on prompts or scenarios.

Scenario 1:

You're making plans with a friend for the weekend. Use going to to describe your intentions.

Sample answer:

I am going to go hiking with my friends on Saturday.

Scenario 2:

Predict the future based on current evidence.

Sample answer:

Look at those dark clouds. It's going to rain soon.

Benefits:

- Encourages practical application
- Enhances contextual thinking

Common Mistakes and How to Avoid Them

Even experienced learners can fall into common pitfalls with future will and going to. Recognizing these helps avoid errors.

Mistake 1: Using will for plans made before the moment of speaking.

Correction: Use going to for planned actions.

Mistake 2: Confusing spontaneous decisions with intentions.

Correction: Use will for spontaneous decisions; going to for pre-made plans.

Mistake 3: Omitting the auxiliary be in going to structures.

Correction: Always include the correct form of to be (am, is, are).

Benefits of Regular Practice with Ejercicios

Consistent practice through exercises offers several advantages:

- Reinforces grammatical rules
- Builds confidence in speaking and writing
- Enhances understanding of context and nuance

- Prepares learners for real-life conversations and exams

Recommendations for Effective Practice

To maximize learning with future will and going to ejercicios, consider the following tips:

- Combine written exercises with speaking practice
- Use real-life scenarios to create personalized sentences
- Review mistakes to understand errors
- Incorporate listening exercises for auditory reinforcement
- Gradually increase difficulty with complex sentences or mixed exercises

Conclusion

Mastering the use of future will and going to is a crucial step in achieving fluency and confidence in English. Through targeted ejercicios, learners develop a nuanced understanding of when and how to use each form, enabling them to express future intentions, predictions, and promises accurately. Consistent practice, understanding the differences, and applying these structures in real-life contexts will significantly enhance language proficiency. Whether through fill-in-the-blank, transformation, matching, or scenario-based exercises, learners can build a solid foundation that will serve them well in both academic and everyday communication. Remember, the key to mastery is regular practice and mindful application of these future forms in diverse situations.

QuestionAnswer What is the difference between 'will' and 'going to' when talking about future plans? 'Will' is often used for spontaneous decisions or predictions, while 'going to' is used for planned actions or intentions made before speaking. How can I practice 'future will and going to' exercises effectively? You can practice by completing fill-in-the-blank exercises, creating sentences about your future plans, and engaging in conversations using both forms to reinforce understanding. Are there common mistakes to avoid when using 'will' and 'going to'? Yes, a common mistake is using 'will' for plans that have already been decided, where 'going to' is more appropriate. Also, mixing the two without understanding their specific uses can cause confusion. Can 'will' and 'going to' be used interchangeably? In some cases, yes, but generally 'will' is used for spontaneous decisions or promises, while 'going to' is used for plans or intentions made prior to speaking. What are some example sentences with 'will' and 'going to'? 'I think it will rain tomorrow.' (prediction) and 'I am going to start a new exercise routine.' (planned intention). How do I recognize when to use 'future will' versus 'future going to' in exercises? Use 'will' for predictions, offers, and spontaneous decisions, and 'going to' for plans, intentions, and evidence-based predictions. Are there specific exercises designed to differentiate 'will' and 'going to'? Yes, many exercises involve filling in the blanks, matching sentences, or converting sentences between the two forms to practice their correct usage. What are some tips for mastering 'future will and going to' exercises? Focus on

understanding the context of each sentence, practice regularly with different exercises, and pay attention to keywords like 'plan', 'decide', or 'prediction' to choose the correct form. How can I explain the difference between 'will' and 'going to' to a beginner learner? Tell them that 'will' is for quick decisions or promises, while 'going to' is for plans they have already made or predictions based on evidence. Where can I find online exercises to practice 'future will and going to'? You can find many practice exercises on language learning websites like BBC Learning English, ESL websites, or grammar practice platforms such as Perfect English Grammar or LearnEnglish by British Council.

Related keywords: future tense, will exercises, going to exercises, English future grammar, future plans practice, future simple, future predictions, English verb tenses, future tense worksheets, will vs going to

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